

## The Nazis since 1945

In April 1945 one of Hitler's doubles (there were 11 in the Reich, 7 were sent to Berlin at this time) after shooting Hitler's German Shepherd Blondi, committed suicide in the bunker. This convinced some of its staff. The Russians found the buried (and unburnt) corpse of a double of Adolf Hitler near the bunker, exhumed on 2 May, 1945.

Hitler left the bunker in Berlin with Eva Braun and their German Shepherd Wulf via a network of tunnels that linked the bunker with the underground on 22 April 1945. They were taken by Junkers aircraft to Switzerland. There was then an airlift of high-ranking Nazi personnel, gold and strategic materials from Switzerland to Spain, where Hitler had been met by Franco. The Gestapo chief Heinrich Mueller told his US interrogators in 1948 that he arranged Hitler's escape from Berlin and that Hitler together with Eva Braun flew to Barcelona, Spain, on 26 April 1945. From there three Junkers aircraft took them on to Ascension and Argentina, where Nazi finance had installed Perón the year before. Some of the gold was later sent back from Argentina to Switzerland, where being Argentinian property it could not be touched.

Soviet Marshall J. Stalin in 1945 told many Allied leaders that Hitler escaped Berlin. When Truman asked Stalin at the Potsdam Conference in August 1945 whether Hitler was dead, Stalin replied bluntly "No".

There was never an identifiable corpse of Adolf Hitler nor of Eva Braun. A skull fragment with a bullet hole, held by the Red Army intelligence agency SMERSH, was for decades believed to be that of Hitler. In 2009 samples of the skull were DNA tested at the University of Connecticut. The sample was found to be that of a woman aged under 40, not 56, Hitler's reported age of death. In 1970 KGB director Yuri Andropov, who became General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in November 1982 until his death in February 1984, authorised the destruction of the remains that had been buried at Magdeberg on 21 February 1946.

The whole suicide story rests solely on the concocted testimony of four fanatical Nazis.

Hitler's residence was at a remote ranch in Argentina, with mod. cons. and a good climate. It was impossible to get out by road, taking some days to get out by river and some hours to fly.

A declassified CIA document #HVCA-2592 dated 3 October 1955 describes how former SS trooper Phillip Citroen informed CIA agents in 1954 that Hitler under the pseudonym Adolf Schüttelmayer using the Nazi exfiltration network had left by U-boat to South America via Tenerife and left for Argentina from Columbia in January 1955. In this Nazi disinformation a photo of Schüttelmayer, complete with Hitler moustache, and Citroen was taken at "Residences Coloniales", overly populated by former Nazis, in Tunga, Columbia, in 1954. According to Citroen, he was addressed as Elder Führer, and afforded Nazi salutes and storm-trooper adulation. Pictures of Hitler in this period show him alternating between a stubbly moustache and no moustache at all. Although it is feasible that Hitler could have travelled from his ranch in Argentina to Columbia and back, Schüttelmayer is not Hitler. Nor is the assertion that he escaped by U-boat. Abel Basti, an Argentinian journalist, wrote a book "Tras los pasos de Hitler" that traced the movements of Schüttelmayer throughout South America, especially Columbia.

Hitler lived to see the moon landings, and died at the age of 88.